

Medium Term Plan Year: 2 Term: 2 Maths								
								Week 1 - Addition and subtraction - Add across a 10. - Subtract across 10. - Subtract from a 10. - Subtract a 1-digit. number from a 2-digit number (across a 10).
	English Writing							
Nari	rative unit (Poetry: Kenn	ings)	Non-fiction unit (Letter Writing)					
Week 1 - Predict using 'because' - Sequence story events - Write questions - Sort sentences types (statement, question)	Week 2 - Identify features of a Kennings poem - Create noun + verb Kennings phrases - Write a Kennings poem - Present/perform a poem	Week 3 - Identify possessive apostrophes (singular) - Use possessive apostrophes (singular) - Identify common contracted forms - Use common contracted forms	Week 4 - Use the past tense progressive form. - Use simple past tense verbs - Sort sentences types (exclamation, command) - Identify different sentence types (statement, question, exclamation, command)	Week 5 - Identify features of a letter Discuss and plan our writing - Write a short letter - Edit and improve our writing	Week 6 - Consolidate apostrophes - Consolidate sentence types - Cold Task Planning - Cold Task Writing			
	English Reading - VIPERS							
Vocabulary - Discuss and clarify meanings of words, usually linking new meanings to known vocabulary - Understand new words	Inference - Draw inferences based on what is being said and done - Infer characters' feelings	Prediction - Predict what might happen with responses linked closely to the story characters, plot and language read so far - Think about what might happen next	Explanation - Explain how non-fiction books are used Identify key features and use these to help them find information - Explain my views	Retrieval - Contribute ideas and thoughts to discussion, remember significant events/key information and usually follow the agreed rules for effective discussion without support - Answer questions	Sequence/Summarise - Recount the main events in a wide range of age-appropriate stories, fairy stories and traditional tales			

Art: Drawing & painting (Flowers of Georgia O'Keeffe)	Geography: The United Kingdom	Science: Uses of everyday materials
- Know that Georgia O'Keeffe painted large scale close up flowers - Know how to change tone through different pencil techniques and grades - Know how to change tint and tone through mixing paint Skills - Explore the work of an artist and express thoughts and feelings about a piece of art, explaining how it makes them feel - Use sketchbooks to plan and develop simple ideas - Draw lines/marks from observations - Demonstrate control over the types of marks made with a range of media such as pastels, charcoal and pencil - Investigate tone by using a variety of drawing techniques such as: hatching, scribbling, stippling, and blending and the use of different grades of pencils (HB, 2B, 4B) - Use a suitable brush to produce marks appropriate to work. E.g. small brush for small marks - Understand how to make tints using white and shades by adding black paint Vocabulary - Pencil grades: HB, 2B, 4B - Drawing techniques: hatching, scribbling, stippling, and blending - Tone/tint/shade Isht/ dark lines Key Questions (Assessment) - What did artist Georgia O'Keeffe paint? - How can you create different tones using drawing pencils? - How can tints and tones be created using white and black paint?	Knowledge - Know how to use maps, atlases and globes to find Europe and the United Kingdom - Know the 4 countries that make up the United Kingdom and their capital cities - Know the main mountainous areas of the UK - Scottish Highlands, Peak District and Snowdonia - Know the seas around the UK - Irish Sea, North Sea, English Channel and Atlantic Ocean and the main rivers - The Thames, The Severn, River Forth - Know how to find key human and physical geographical features of the UK using maps, atlases and globes Skills - Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its 4 countries - name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and the capital cities of the United Kingdom and surrounding seas - Find human and physical geographical features on a map - use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to key numan and physical features Vocabulary map, globe, atlas, country,United Kingdom, capital city, Europe, continent, England, Scotland, Wales, Northern Ireland, London, Edinburgh, Cardiff, Belfast, coast, forest, nill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, valley, city Learning Revisited - What are the four points of the compass? - What are the key human and physical features of the school/Leigham Vale? - Can you identify those key features on a map? - Can you describe where those features are in relation to each other? Key Questions (Assessment) - What are the 4 countries in the UK and their capital cities? Can you find them on a map? - What are the main mountainous areas of the UK? - What are the main mountainous areas of the UK?	Knowledge (Scientific understanding) - Distinguish between an object and the material - Know that materials are what objects are made of - Know the names of everyday materials - Know that materials have different properties - Know that materials are chosen for their properties - Know that materials are chosen for their properties - Know that materials are chosen for their properties - Know that materials are chosen for their properties - Know that materials are chosen for their properties - Know that materials are chosen for their properties - Know that materials are chosen for their properties - Know that materials are chosen for their properties - Classifying: To observe closely - To be able to compare objects based on obvious observable features e.g. size, shape, colour, texture etc. - Comparative/ fair testing: To ask scientific questions. - Identify the question to investigate from a scenario or choose a question from a range provided - Comparative/ fair testing: To present results - Present what they learnt verbally, using pictures or block diagrams - Vocabulary - object, material, properties, wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, rock, brick, paper, fabric, elastic, foil, card/cardboard, rubber, wool, clay, hard, soft, stretchy, stiff, bendy, floppy, waterproof, absorbent, breaks/tears, rough, smooth, shiny, dull, see-through, not see-through - Learning Revisited - Explore a range of materials, including natural materials - Key Questions (Assessment) - What does material mean? - What material is this made from? - What properties does this material have? - Why is this object made from this property?

Computing	French (MFL)	Music	Physical Education		
Creating media – Digital painting -To use a digital device to take a photograph -To make choices when taking a photograph -To describe what makes a good photograph -To decide how photographs can be improved -To use tools to change an image -To recognise that photos can be changed	What are you doing? - Translate words from French to English - Repeat and say familiar words and short simple phrases, using understandable pronunciation Ask and answer simple questions with support. - Listen to and understand familiar spoken words and phrases	Singing - To know that unison is everyone singing at the same time - Learn to start and stop singing when following a leader - To confidently know and sing some songs from memory - perform a song to an audience - perform songs for a special occasion	Dance – Where the wild things are Recognise dance as movement to music Move to show character/emotion Move in different ways Move as a group/ to tell a story Rehearse and perform Give useful feedback		
PSHE	Religious Education	Multiplication Tables	Phonics/Word Study		
Health and wellbeing: Growing and changing - Order the Human Life Cycle - Recognise changes that happen as humans get older (ageing not puberty) - Recognise and challenge gender stereotypes - Know the physical differences between boys and girls - Consider how we feel about change	Celebrations - Consider how special occasions are celebrated in different faiths - Understand why food is important in celebrations - Find out more about The Festival of Christmas -Find out more about The Festival of Hanukkah - Recognise the importance of Christian and Jewish Festivals to believers -Present and evaluate what we have learned about Christian and Jewish Festivals	Understand the operation of multiplication (times, x) 2x tables - Identify the number in a group (multiplicand) - Identify the number of groups (multiplier) - Recognise the number in a group and the number of groups equal to an amount (product) - Count in 2s - Find patterns within the 2x tables	Little Wandle phonics Group 1: Bridge to Spelling - Introduction to foundational skills for spelling: double letters such as: words ending in 'k' 'ck' 'ch' 'tch'. Suffixes -es/-s, 'y' for an 'i' when adding -ed and rules for adding -ing Group 2: Phase 5 Review - Review common and more unusual GPCs in Phase 5 - Revisit spelling of common tricky words Group 3: Review Phase 3 GPCs - Phase 4: CVCC CCVC CCVCC CCCVC - Phase 4 with long vowels		
Handwriting	Penpals Interactive Year 2 Units 5 - 10 - horizontal join, no ascenders: ow, ou, ie, ue, oe, ve, ee, le. Numbers 1-100				
Story time texts	I am Loved by Nikki Giovanni				
Texts for writing	Grandad's Camper by Harry Woodgate				