

		Medium Term Pl	an Year: 2 Term: 5					
Maths								
Week 1 - Fractions - Number  - Understand parts and a whole - Identify equal and unequal parts - Recognise a half - Find a half - Recognise a quarter - Find a quarter	Week 2 - Fractions - Number - Recognise a third - Find a third - Find the whole - Understand unit fractions - Understand non-unit fractions	Week 3 - Fractions - Number - Recognise the equivalence of a half and two-quarters - Recognise three-quarters - Find three-quarters - Count in fractions up to a whole	Week 1 - Time - Measurement - Tell the time (o'clock and half past) - Tell the time (quarter past and quarter to)	Week 2 - Time - Measurement - Tell the time past the hour - Tell the time to the hour - Tell the time to 5 minutes	Week 3 - Time - Measurement - Understand the number of minutes in an hour - Understand the number of hours in a day			
		English	Writing					
	Non-fiction unit (N	Narrative unit (Historical)						
Week 1  - use capital letters for proper nouns  - use adjectives  - use past tense	Week 2  - use command sentences.  - use contractions  - explore features of newspaper reports.  - use present progressive	Week 3  - use simple past tense  - use imperative verbs  - edit  - use features of a newspaper article	Week 4 - present - use exclamation sentences - use comparatives and superlatives	Week 5 - explore genre - use suffixes -ful and -less - use expanded noun phrases - plan	Week 6 - use past tense - use conjunctions - edit - perform work			
		English Read	ding - VIPERS					
Vocabulary - discuss and clarifying the meanings of words; link new meanings to known vocabulary - discuss their favourite words and phrases - recognise some recurring language in stories and poems	Inference - make inferences about characters' feelings using what they say and do answering and asking questions and modifying answers as the story progresses • use pictures or words to make inferences	Prediction - make predictions using their own knowledge as well as what has happened so far - make logical predictions and give explanations of them	Explanation - explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material express my own views about a book or poem - discuss some similarities between books • listen to the opinion of others	Retrieval -ask and answer retrieval questions -draw on previously taught knowledge - remember significant events and key information about the text that they have read	Sequence/Summarise - discuss the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related retell using a wider variety of story language order events from the text begin to discuss how events are linked focusing on the main content of the story.			

## Design and Technology: Textiles - Weaving & Sewing History: The Great Fire of London Science: Living things and their habitats Knowledge Knowledge Knowledge - Know, explore and compare the differences between things that are - Know that weaving is the craft of lacing fibres together to - Understand how we know about the fire. living, dead, and things that have never been glive. make fabric or cloth - Know how London looked in the past and now. - Know and identify that most living things live in habitats to which - Know that sewing is making or mending cloth using a - Know where, when and how the fire started. they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the needle and thread - Know key dates from the fire. basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they - Know that embroidery is the craft of decorating fabric - Know the sequence of events from the fire. depend on each other. using a needle to apply thread - Know how the fire was put out and some of the tools used - Know, Identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their - Know that these techniques have been used around the to put out the fire. habitats, including micro-habitats. world and in different times in history - Know and describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food. Skills Skills - Have own ideas, explain what I want to - Sequence events in chronological order. Skills do and describe how - Find out about people and events in other times through Classifying: To present results -Describe design using pictures, words and diagrams artefacts. -Sort objects and living things into two group using a Venn diagram -Design a product following design criteria - Explore cause and effect by looking at a significant Classify things found in the environment (choosing their own criteria -Talk about existing products considering; use, materials. individual's actions and what happened as a result. to do so), leading to living, dead and never been alive. - Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of events - Classify minibeasts found in the environment based on physical how they work. structure. -Work safely beyond living memory through simple recording, using texts - Classify plants found in the environment. - Carefully cut textiles to produce accurate pieces and drawinas. Observing over time: To gather/record results - Measure and join textiles together to make a product, and -Record data pictorially or by taking photos explain how I did it Vocabulary E.g. Explore animals in micro-habitats throughout the year/in term 5 Burning, fire, bakery, diary, thatched roofs, pitch, gunpowder, and 6 (under a rock, under a log, in a pond. Vocabulary damaged, Pudding Lane, 1666, water squirt, leather buckets, • Explore plants in micro-habitats throughout the year (e.g. woodland - Embroidery, weaving, sewing St Paul's Cathedral area, ponds, meadows). Pattern seeking: To gather/record results - Fabric, textile, thread -Record data in simple, prepared tables and tally charts. - Stitch, loom, needle **Learning Revisited** E.g. Children generate questions for investigation then record - Can you name some modes of transport from the past? gathered data in tables such as: - Can you name some modes of transport from the present? **Learning Revisited** • Where do you see more butterflies? Nature area/edible garden - design a product following simple design criteria and - Is this mode of transport from the past or the present? explain what I want to do to achieve desired result How do you know? Vocabulary - Can you explain one of the ways the car has changed over living, dead, never been alive, suited, suitable, basic needs, food, food **Key Questions (Assessment)** time? chain, shelter, move, feed, water, air, survive, survival, names of local habitats (e.g. pond, woodland etc.), names of microhabitats (e.g. - What is weaving/embroidery/sewing? - Can you ask a question about this mode of transport to under logs, in bushes etc.), conditions, light, dark, shady, sunny, wet, - How are sewing and weaving used in everyday products? help you find out if it is from the past or the present? damp, dry, hot, cold, names of living things in the habitats and microhabitats studied **Key Questions (Assessment)** - Where did the fire start? **Key Questions (Assessment)** - When did the fire start? -What things in your local habitat can you identify as living, dead, - How did the fire start? and things that have never been glive? Why are animals different depending on the environment they live in? - How did the fire travel? What animals and plants can you identify in your local habitat? - How do we know what happened during the fire? What does a food chain show? - How was the fire stopped? How do animals obtain their food from plants and other animals? - What tools did they use to put out the fire?

Computing	French (MFL)	Music	Physical Education			
Creating media - Digital music - say how music can make us feel - identify that there are patterns in music - experiment with sound using a computer - use a computer to create a musical pattern - create music for a purpose - review and refine our computer work	Hide and Seek - Learn the following nouns: le placard (the cupboard), le four (the oven), la valise (the suitcase) - Ask 'Qu'est-ce qu'il y a dans le/la?' - What is in the? - Learn 'Où est le/la' - Where is the? - Say 'Le chien est dans le placard' - The dog is in the cupboard - Learn 'Elle est' - She is and 'Il est' - He is -Revise 'Il y a' - (eel ee ya) There is/are - Say 'Il y a' - There is a	Song: Friendship song Listen and Appraise: To learn how songs can tell a story or describe an idea  Games: To listen and sing back  Singing: Learn to start and stop singing when following a leader  Performance: Record the performance and say how they were feeling about it	Swimming  - To swim competently, confidently and proficiently  - To use a range of strokes effectively (for example, front crawl and backstroke)  - To develop an awareness of water-safety			
PSHE	Religious Education	Mastering Number/Times tables	Phonics			
Respecting Ourselves and Others -Present our understanding of Race and Racism (pre-assess) -Know it is good to have similarities and differences -Understand stereotypes -Understand unconscious bias -Understand how to be anti-racist -Understand why representation matters and Present our understanding of Race and Racism (post-assess)	Hinduism-Worship -Learn the importance of families in HinduismUnderstand the importance of honesty, loyalty and truthfulness in Hinduism -Know how Hindus pray both at home and at the temple -Understand the value of the relationship between brother and sister and the Festival of Raksha Bandhan -Understand what is The Hindu Mandir	Understand the operation of multiplication (times, x)  Review 2x, 5x, 10x tables  - identify the number in a group (multiplicand)  - identify the number of groups (multiplier)  - recognise the number in a group and the number of groups equal to an amount (product)  - count in 2s, 5s and 10s  - find patterns within the 2x, 5x and 10x tables	Group 1: Spelling Unit  - understand why the 'c' make the /s/ sound in some words  - know how to spell the sounds /zh/  - understand what happens when we add the suffix -ment, -ness, -ful, -less and -ly to a root word  - know how to use apostrophes to show missing letters in words (contractions)  Group 2: spelling unit  - understand how 'w' and 'qu' change the sounds that 'a', 'ar' and 'or' make in some words  - know why we swap the 'y' for an 'i' when we add the suffix -es  - Understand why some words have the spelling 'ey' for the sound /ee/  - identify why some words end with -le, -al, -il or -el.  Group 3: Phase 5  - ir - bird, ie - pie, ue - blue, rescue, u - unicorn  - o - go, a - paper, e, he  - Split digraphs  - ew - chew, new, aw - claw			
Handwriting	Size and spacing: (wh, is, fl, gg, le), building on diagonal join to ascender (ck, al, el, at, il, ill), building on diagonal join to no ascender (ui, ey, aw, ur, an, ip).					
Story time texts	Hair Love - Matthew A Cherry					
Texts for writing	The Great Fire of London - Emma Adams & James Weston Lewis					