

Medium Term Plan Year: 3 Term: 4 Maths							
English Writing							
Poetry unit (Haiku)		Non-fiction unit (Non-Chronological Report)					
Week 1 - discuss and share ideas explore varied and rich vocabulary use varied and rich vocabulary edit.	Week 2 - identify key information use adjectives use conjunctions explore the structure of a haiku.	Week 3 - use figurative language (similes and metaphors) - create expanded noun phrases. - write a haiku. - edit and present.	Week 4 - use a or an correctly. - use possessive apostrophes (plural). - choose appropriate nouns and pronouns. - identify features of a non-chronological report.	Week 5 - write questions use bullet points research use conjunctions.	Week 6 - use prepositions. - edit. - use features of non-chronological report. - present.		
English Reading - VIPERS							
Vocabulary - explain the meaning of words in context	Inference - draw inferences with evidence from the text	Prediction - say what they think will happen next	Explanation - Read and understand what they have read	Retrieval - retrieve and record information	Sequence/Summarise - summarise the main ideas of what they have read		

Art and Design: Textile/Printing- Batik	Geography: Tanzania (Volcanoes)	Science: Forces & Magnets
Enil Mjema Knowledge - Know that batik is a technique used to create textiles - Know that wax can be used as a resist in the textile dyeing process - Know that Emil Mjema is an artist using batik Skills -Use a sketchbook to make plans, record experimentations as well as try out ideas and plan colours. -Explore the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers -Express thoughts and feelings about art from other cultures and other periods of time. - Understand the use of wax resist in the textile dyeing process -Work safely using tools and equipment	Knowledge - Know how to use maps, atlases and digital technologies to identify Africa, Tanzania and Kilimanjaro - Know where Tanzania is in relation to the UK, the poles, tropics and Cancer and Capricorn and the Equator. - Know, define and label physical aspects of a volcano, including the different shapes a volcano can be and how this affects how an active or dormant volcano erupts. - Know the difference between active, dormant and extinct volcanoes. - Know some tectonic plates, some countries and cities where volcanoes are situated using appropriate keys and symbols. - Know how tectonic plate activity creates a volcano. - Know some of the pros and cons of living in a volcanic region. Skills - Locate a country using maps, concentrating on it's	Knowledge (Scientific understanding) - Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of whether they are attracted to a magnet and identify some magnetic materials. - Know and describe magnets as having two poles. - Use prior knowledge to predict whether two magnets will attract or repel each other, depending on which poles are facing. (Term 3 knowledge should be built upon and revisited if necessary - Learning revisited) Skills (Working Scientifically) Classifying: To interpret results - Spot patterns in the data, particularly two criteria with no example e.g. recognising whether 2 magnets attract or repel each other, depending on which poles are facing. N & N never attract. S & S always repel etc. Classifying: To draw conclusion - Draw simple conclusions for patterns e.g. recognising whether 2 magnets attract or repel each other, depending on which poles are facing. Comparative/fair testing: To plan an enquiry
Vocabulary - Batik -wax resist, dye - colour combinations, pattern, repeating Learning Revisited	environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics and major cities - Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography - volcanoes Vocabulary	- Decide what to change and what to measure or observe. E.g. Decide how to test the strength of different magnets. Researching: To present results - present what they learnt verbally or using labelled diagrams. Find out how magnets are used in everyday life and present findings. Vocabulary
-That dye is used to change the colour of textiles and that tie dye is a way of manipulating textiles before the dying process to affect the final product	Tanzania, Africa, Kilimanjaro, Volcano, Crust, Lava, Magna, Throat, Vent, Crater, Flow, Conduit, Ash, Ash cloud, cone, lava, Dome, Shield, Pressure, Eruption, tectonic	- force, push, pull, twist, contact force, non-contact force, magnetic force, magnet, strength, bar magnet, ring magnet, button magnet, horseshoe magnet, attract, repel, magnetic material, metal, iron, steel, poles, north pole, south pole
Key Questions (Assessment) - Who is Emil Mjema and what art does he create? - What is batik? - What does the wax do in the process of batik?	Learning Revisited - Can you explain what the Equator, Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn and Northern and Southern Hemispheres are? - Can you use a map, atlas and digital technologies to locate the continents of Europe and South America?	Learning Revisited - Compare how things move on different surfaces - Know that most forces need contact between two objects, but magnetic forces can act at a distance. - Know that magnets attract and repel each other - Know that magnets attract some materials and not others (Year 3 Term 3)
	Key Questions (Assessment) - What continent is Tanzania part of? Can you find it on a map? - What are the different types of volcanoes? - Can you name other volcanoes and where they are? - What are some of the pros and cons to living near a	Key Questions (Assessment) - Which everyday materials are magnetic or non-magnetic? - What are magnetic poles?- - How do magnets attract or repel each other, depending on which poles are facing?

volcano?

Computing	French (MFL)	Music	Physical Education		
Data and information – Branching databases - create questions with yes/no answers - identify the attributes needed to collect data about an object - create a branching database - explain why it is helpful for a database to be well structured - plan the structure of a branching database - independently create an identification tool	Numbers, addition & subtraction, J'ai, Easter - Do simple addition and subtraction in French - Understand and use j'ai - Know the difference between j'ai and je suis - Understand someone asking how old they are (quel âge as-tu?) and reply using a sentence stating their age. - Learn how to pronounce the phoneme ai. Easter - Understand and enjoy an Easter-themed story. - Sing an Easter themed song	Playing an instrument To consolidate recorder skills To consolidate djembe skills To read notation To practise both rhythmic and melodic improvisation To develop a multi-part song To introduce dynamics To create ensemble piece, adding djembe To experience performing in front of audience, showcasing everything learnt in the term	Swimming - To swim competently, confidently and proficiently - To use a range of strokes effectively (for example, front crawl and backstroke) - To develop an awareness of water-safety		
PSHE	Religious Education	Mastering Number	Word Expert		
Physical Health & Mental Wellbeing - pre-assess: reflect on what we already know about keeping healthy - distinguish between the healthy & unhealthy choices we make - identify our healthy and unhealthy habits relating to food, sleep and exercise -consider what affects our feelings -know how we can express and manage our feelings -post-assess show what we now know about keeping healthy and being in charge of our own health	Sikhism -Guru Nanak and his teachings Learn about what Sikhs believe about God: Sikhs believe in one God symbolised by the Ik Onkar symbol, God created all things - Identify what Guru mean - Know about Guru Nanak and his teaching - Understand what it means to be equal through Guru Nanak teaching	6 x tables - Identify the number in a group (multiplicand) - Identify the number of groups (multiplier) - Recognise the number in a group and the number of groups equal to an amount (product) - Count in 6s - Find patterns within the 6x tables	Weeks 1 and 2 -suffix- using ian Weeks 3 and 4 -prefix-using anti Weeks 5 and 6 -suffix-using ion		
Handwriting	Introducing ss; introducing qu; revising parallel ascenders and descenders; revising joins: letter spacing; revising joins: spacing between words; revising joins: consistency of size				
Story time texts	Funny Bums, Freaky Beaks: and Other Incredible Creature Features - Alex Moss and Sean Taylor				
Texts for writing	The Tempest				