

		Medium Term Plan Y	ear: Term 5 Summer 1		
		Мо	aths		
Week 1 - Shape - Geometry - understand and use degrees - classify angles - estimate angles - measure angles up to 180°	Week 2 - Shape - Geometry - draw lines and angles accurately - calculate angles around a point - calculate angles on a straight line	Week 3 - Shape - Geometry - calculate lengths and angles in shapes - calculate regular and irregular polygons - explore 3-D shapes	Week 4 - Position and Direction - Geometry - read and plot coordinates - problem solve with coordinates - translate	Week 5 - Position and Direction - Geometry - translate with coordinates - identify lines of symmetry - reflect shapes on horizontal and vertical lines	Week 6 - Decimals - Number - use known facts to add and subtract decimals within 1 - find complements to 1 - add and subtract decimals across 1 - add decimals with the same number of decimal places To be taught in Term 6
English Writing - Shakespeare Project - Hamlet by William Shakespeare Narrative unit (Settings) Non-fiction unit (Poetry)					
Week 1 - explore how the atmosphere of a setting can be created - use a range of figurative language - describe a character effectively	week 2 - understand a play (drama) - explore a character's thoughts, feelings and reactions (drama/writing) - use implied and inferred descriptions	Week 3 - perform a play script and explore its features (drama/writing) - apply the features of a play script - craft appropriately formed dialogue between characters	Week 4 - understand a sequence of events (drama/writing) - identify passive voice - identify parenthesis - identify relative clauses	week 5 - explore features of a found poem - collect vocabulary for a found poem - write and perform a found poem	Week 6
English Reading - VIPERS					
Vocabulary	Inference	Prediction	Explanation	Retrieval	Sequence/Summarise

- discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader	- provide one or two pieces of evidence to support the inference they are making.	- confirm and modify predictions as they read on.	- identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning.		- identify themes across a wide range of writing.
		Scio	ence:		
Week 1: -explore sexual reproduction in mammals (step 1) Knowledge: -Describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals. Working Scientifically: -Use relevant scientific language and illustrations to discuss, communicate and justify their scientific ideas (non-statutory). Vocabulary: fertilisation, embryo, sperm cells, egg cells, sexual reproduction	Week 2 -explore reproductive parts in plants (step 2) Knowledge: -Describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals. Working Scientifically: -Record data and results of increasing complexity, using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar charts and line graphs. Vocabulary: anther, filament, ovule, stigma, style, ovary, pollen, stamen, pistil	Week 3 -describe pollination (step 3) Knowledge: -Describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals. Working Scientifically: -Report and present findings from enquiries, including conclusions, causal relationships and explanations of and a degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations. Vocabulary: pollination, pollen, ovule, fertilisation	Week 4 -explore asexual reproduction (step 4) Knowledge: -Describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals. Working Scientifically: -Identify scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments. Vocabulary: clone, runner, tuber, bulb, asexual reproduction	Week 5 -plan -clone plants investigation (step 5) -plant -clone plants investigation (step 6) Knowledge: -Describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals. Working Scientifically: -plan different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary. (step 5) -Take measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings when appropriate. (step 6) Vocabulary: independent variable, dependent variable, controlled variable (step 5)	Week 6 -explore dissolving (step 1) Knowledge: -Know that some materials will dissolve in liquid to form a solution, and describe how to recover a substance from a solution. Working Scientifically: -Use test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests. Vocabulary: dissolve, soluble, insoluble, solution, substance To be taught in Term 6

				clone, cutting, parent plant, compost, asexual reproduction (step 6) NOTE: Measurements need to be taken each week for at least a 6 week period. Follow up lesson in term 6.	
		Art and Design	- Screen Printing		
Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6
Knowledge objective: WALT: Understand that propaganda art was used during WWII to spread government messages Vocabulary: Propaganda	Skill objective: WALT: Mix colour, shades and tones with confidence, starting to develop their own style using tonal contrast Vocabulary: Hue, tint, shade, tone	Skill objective: WALT: Confidently control the types of marks made	Knowledge objective: WALT: Know that screen printing is a way to mass produce images and it uses a screen, printing ink and a stencil to produce and reproduce an image by pushing ink through a fine mesh and a stencil to imprint the image onto paper or fabric Skill objective: WALT: Use screen printing equipment safely and appropriately and be able to produce a clean printed image. WALT: Start to experience over-laying colours Vocabulary: - Screen printing, screen, mesh, squeegee, negative space, stencil, overlay	Knowledge objective: WALT: Know that screen printing is a way to mass produce images and it uses a screen, printing ink and a stencil to produce and reproduce an image by pushing ink through a fine mesh and a stencil to imprint the image onto paper or fabric Skill objective: WALT: Use screen printing equipment safely and appropriately and be able to produce a clean printed image. WALT: Start to experience over-laying colours Vocabulary: - Screen printing, screen, mesh, squeegee, negative space, stencil, overlay	Knowledge objective: WALT: Know that screen printing is a way to mass produce images and it uses a screen, printing ink and a stencil to produce and reproduce an image by pushing ink through a fine mesh and a stencil to imprint the image onto paper or fabric Skill objective: WALT: Use screen printing equipment safely and appropriately and be able to produce a clean printed image. WALT: Start to experience over-laying colours Vocabulary: - Screen printing, screen, mesh, squeegee, negative space, stencil, overlay

History

Week 1 WALT: know why Britain went to war Knowledge objective: Know why Britain went to war. Skill objective: Vocabulary: war. *Not every lesson needs knowledge and skills, sometimes it can be one or the other	Week 2 WALT: use evid up a picture of studied Knowledge obj what life was lik during the war, women and chil we know. Skill objective: build up a pictur studied. Vocabulary: rat	ective: Know the for people the especially dren and how Use evidence to the of life in time	Week 3 WALT: use a range of historical sources to find out about the Blitz Knowledge objective: Understand what happened during The Blitz. Skill objective: Use a range of historical sources to find out about significant events. Vocabulary: The Blitz	Week 4 WALT: understand why children had to be evacuated and where they went Knowledge objective: Understand why children had to be evacuated and where they went. Skill objective: Use a range of historical sources to find out about significant events. Vocabulary: evacuation, billeting.	Week 5 WALT: underste government us Knowledge obj Understand hov government use Skill objective: Vocabulary: precensorship.	ective: v the ed propaganda.	Week 6 WALT: understand how and when the war ended Knowledge objective: Understand how and when the war ended. Skill objective: Produce well-structured narratives, descriptions and explanations. Vocabulary:
Computing French (MFL)	Music		Physical Education		
Creating media – Introduction to vector graphics - identify that drawing tools can be used to produce different outcomes - create a vector drawing by combining shapes - use tools to achieve a desired effect - recognise that vector drawings consist of layers - group objects to make them easier to work with - apply what I have learned about vector drawings		liaison, phoni - Revise posse some new pos - Give a prese - Learn words - Say where so - Pronounce th - Know which words Understand	essive adjectives and learn sessive adjectives. Intation about your school. for prepositions omething is located. The phoneme 'ai' correctly letters are silent at the end of the liaison rule - where letters ally silent are pronounced	Song: Dancing In The Street All the learning in this unit is f around the Motown song from Listen and Appraise: To think a message of songs. Talk about thow it makes you feel. Games: Copy back rhythms backwords of the main song Singing: Follow a leader when sexplore singing a solo Performance: Communicate the words and clearly articulated.	 Identify their reaction times who performing a sprint start. Accelerate from a variety of different parts of a run. Run over a hurdle with control of accelerating pace Throw a variety of implements of throwing techniques. Measure and record the distance the meaning of Identify their reaction times who performing a sprint start. Accelerate from a variety of different parts of a run. Run over a hurdle with control of accelerating pace Throw a variety of implements of throwing techniques. Measure and record the distance throws. Continue to develop techniques 		reaction times when sprint start. om a variety of different ons. and independently select the ate pace for different distances parts of a run. ardle with control and with an ace ety of implements using a range chniques. record the distance of their develop techniques to throw for ance.

Word Expert

Religious Education

PSHE

Handwriting

Relationships - Safe Relationships: Physical contact and feeling safe -recap the physical changes of puberty and recognise the importance of personal hygiene -recap the biological changes of puberty and identify emotional changes and know some strategies to cope with them -know we have the right to decide what happens to our bodies -understand the importance of respect and	Weddings -Identify special times we share with others - Understand what the wedding is and the ways that people with different faiths celebrate weddingsLearn about Christian wedding and it is traditions - Understand the way that different communities come together to celebrate a wedding and the purpose of the symbols and practices used, specifically in relation to Jewish, Hindu and Humanist weddings.	Spelling key words Key Words 1: language, lighting, temperature, vegetable, bruise, ancient, excellent, muscle, necessary, neighbour Key Words 2: symbol, programme, soldier, suggest, occupy, occur, develop, remember Key Words 3: sentence, separate, special, straight, strange, strength, suppose, surprise	Different styles for differing purposes Practising sloped writing: - parallel downstrokes: bb, pp - all double letters	
consent Story time texts	Can you see me? by Libby Scott & Re	ebecca Westcott		
Texts for writing	Hamlet by William Shakespeare/Primary Shakespeare Company			